## 21522 to 21529—Continued.

21526 to 21528. MANIHOT UTILISSIMA.

Bitter cassava.

21526. Vioux Bwai.

21528. Mataoutel.

21527. Manioc Six Mois.

21529. Manihot sp.

Cassava.

"Bitter kinds are always designated as *Manioc*; sweet as *Cammanioc*, Of the sweet kinds sent *Butter Sticks* is considered a very good table variety.

"Neither in Venezuela nor here are the sweet kinds grown for starch, cassava bread, or farina; they are used only as a vegetable, being boiled and buttered. Those who make a business of cassava products say that it does not pay to grow the sweet kinds." ( $Andr\acute{e}$ .)

## 21532 to 21540.

From Nagpur, Central Provinces, India. Presented by Mr. F. Fletcher, deputy director of agriculture, Bombay. Received October 28 and November 5, 1907.

21532. PANICUM PSILOPODIUM.

Millet.

Kutki Raipar.

21533. Panicum psilopodium.

Millet.

Kutki.

21534. PISUM ARVENSE.

Field pea.

Mattar.

21535. VIGNA CATJANG.

Catjang.

Burbudi.

21536. VIGNA CATJANG.

Catjang.

Bur.badi.

21537. VIGNA UNGUICULATA.

Cowpea.

Jhunga.

21538. VIGNA CATJANG (?).

Catjang.

Jhunga.

21539. VIGNA CATJANG (?).

Catjang.

Khed Jhunga.

21540. Panicum frumentaceum.

Millet.

Sawan or Sanwa.

## 21542. Sesbania aegyptiaca.

From Saharanpur, India. Presented by Mr. J. H. Maiden, director, Botanic Gardens, Sydney, New South Wales, through Mr. David Fairchild. Received November 7, 1907.

"Africa, southern Asia, northern and central Australia, ranging to 33° north in Afghanistan and 33° south on the Darling River, ascending to 4,000 feet in the Himalayas. By Australian pasturalists called 'pea bush.' The foliage of this tall perennial herb and of the allied annual S. brachycarpa serves as fodder, which cattle are ravenously fond of. According to Mr. T. Gulliver, the green pods, as well as the seeds, are nutritious, wholesome, and of pleasant taste." (F. von Mucller.)